

The Main Characteristics of Freight on Hot Streams

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Abstract: Authors determined temperature of the extinguished coke by fractional structure. Authors suggested to lower temperature influence from the large heated pieces on a tape at the expense of loads segregation.

Keywords: conveyer belt, coke, temperature, segregation, fraction

1. Introduction

Belt conveyors are applied to transportation of hot freight at coke-chemical plants. The conveyer belt is the most vulnerable element. The cost of a belt makes from 40 to 70% of cost of the conveyer. The belt fails because of thermal aging and burning by the heated pieces in case of violation of a technological mode. Suppression of coke happens in two stages. One stage is that the heated coke is unloaded in the wagon where suppression by wet way is made. The other is that further coke is unloaded on a ramp where there is an extinguishing of the heated centers. Temperature of the extinguished coke is one of the main of the characteristics necessary for a right choice of conveyer transport on hot traffics of loads.

2. Characteristic of the work

At Cherepovets iron and steel works^[1], researches of temperature of coke of wet suppression were conducted. In work it is noted that at wet suppression of 7–10 percent of coke have temperature of 100–160 degrees, the rest – less than 100

degrees Celsius. At the same time in the lump of transported coke of wet suppression pieces (2–5%), surfaces having temperature to 700–800 of degrees Celsius meet. Similar results were received by authors at research of temperature of a surface of coke at the Kemerovo coke-chemical plant (fig. 1, *f*). Thus the maximum temperature of a surface of coke reached 550–600 of degrees Celsius.

The granulometric structure of freight has a great impact on extent of cooling. Smaller fractions making bulk of transported freight are exposed to deeper cooling. Large pieces are exposed to superficial cooling and in the course of further movement from a stage on the conveyer are warmed due to remained internal heat.

Unfortunately, in work^[1] the attention to distribution of temperature of a surface of coke on fractional structure isn't focused. Authors tried to take on the working conveyer at a factory temperature of a surface of coke on fractional structure 0–50 mm; 50–100 mm; 100–150 mm; 150–200 mm and +200 mm (fig .1, *a–e*). Measurements were made in the contactless way by a pyrometer.

The expected temperature of the coke unloaded on the belt conveyer, at confidential probability of 95% is specified in Tab. 1.

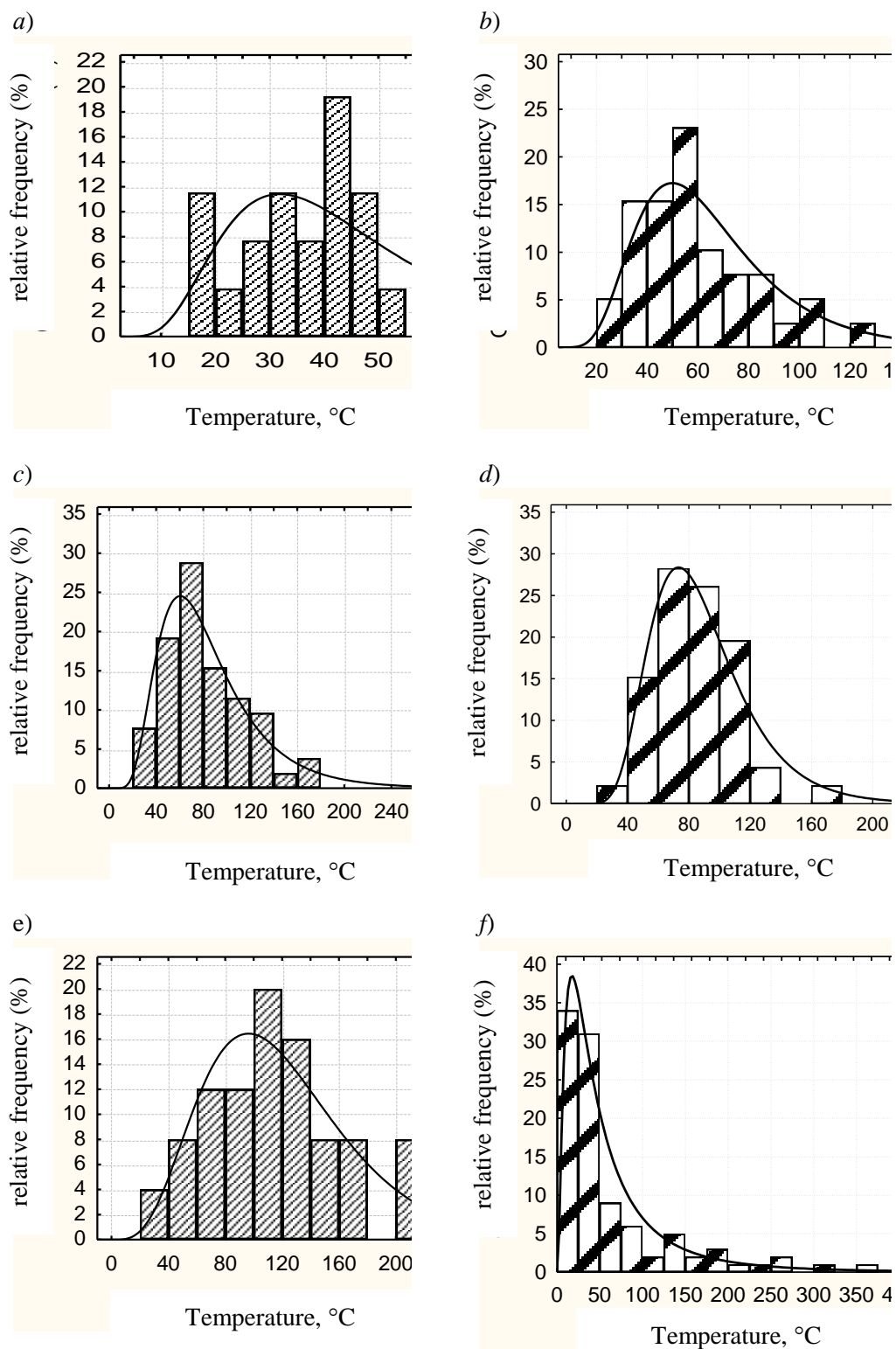


Fig. 1: Histograms of distribution of temperature of a surface of coke of fraction:

a – 0–50 mm; b – 50–100 mm; c – 100–150 mm; d – 150–200 mm; e – +200 mm; f – 0–300 mm (including pieces of red hot) and the distribution function: a, b, c, d, f – lognormal; e – gamma

Table 1: Coke temperature on fractional structure

Fractions, mm	+50	50–100	100–150	150–200	+200	0–300
Range of temperature, °C	35,2–51,1	55,5–75,2	72,6–98,4	78,6–99,2	98,5–141,1	53,2–90,0

Apparently from Tab. 1, the bulk of transported coke has temperature not exceeding 150°C. But at the same time pieces of a red incandescence meet. Presence of coke of a red incandescence leads to burning of a working lining of the conveyor, and sometimes and a belt framework. In special situations, when unloading on a coke tape to the high maintenance of pieces of a red incandescence (or the centers) there can be a belt ignition^[2].

3. Conclusion

As the small fraction of a transported material is heated to 50°C and most to 140°C, it is offered to use small fraction as a layer between larger pieces and a belt, thereby having lowered temperature load of a belt. Such distribution of freight can be received shock and vibration influence on a non-working facing of a loaded branch of the conveyor. In case of hit of

the single heated piece on a belt surface the piece as a result of vibration will make micro jumps. During free flight of a piece at the expense of its flow it will start being cooled with an air stream intensively and by that reducing not only the general time of contact with a belt, but also a piece thermolysis to a belt.

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THEME
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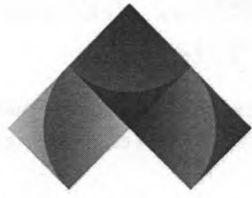
MINING 2014



TAISHAN
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PREVENTION
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YONGJIE YANG, SHASHA YAN,
DONGMEI HUANG – CHINA



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**Taishan Academic Forum – Project on Mine
Disaster Prevention and Control**

**October 17–20, 2014
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***Theme: Chinese Coal in the XXI Century:
Mining, Green and Safety***

Edited by:

**Weijia Guo, China
Yunliang Tan, China
Yongjie Yang, China
Shasha Yan, China
Dongmei Huang, China**



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Theme: Chinese Coal in the XXI Century: Mining, Green and Safety

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- Shandong University of Science and Technology, China
- Shandong Administration of Coal Industry, China

Edited by:

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- Yongjie Yang, China
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Foreword

Mining technology is an important issue on resource exploitation, which is related to mine production security and energy supply. In order to promote the scientific and technological progress and international exchanges of the mining technology, the Taishan Academic Forum – Project on Mine Disaster Prevention and Control is to be held on Oct. 17-20, 2014, in Qingdao, China. The aim of the symposium is to summarize the modern coal industry achievements, in safety green mining methods and the related fields. There will be experts and scholars to attend the meeting, from the coal industry enterprises, universities, research institutions and other related fields of China and Russia.

The main topics of the symposium include: safety green mining methods, mine construction and modernization, the mining theories, methods and technology, the construction safety of mining and underground engineering, the operation and management of mining and underground engineering, etc.

The symposium is organized by the Education Department of Shandong Province, Shandong University of Science and Technology, Coal Industry Bureau of Shandong Province. It is undertaken by Institute of Mining and Safety Engineering, Shandong University of Science and Technology and State Key Laboratory of Mine Disaster Prevention and Control.

We are convinced that the symposium is going to play an important role in the development of the coal mining technology and international communication. Heartfelt thanks are extended to domestic and overseas scholars who have given great supports to this conference and all the authors who have presented the papers.

Weijia Guo, China
Yunliang Tan, China
Yongjie Yang, China
Shasha Yan, China
Dongmei Huang, China

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