## Energy Consumption in the Process of Excavator-Automobile Complexes Distribution at Kuzbass Open Pit Mines

Ivan Panachev<sup>1,\*</sup>, Boris Gerike<sup>1</sup>, Ilya Kuznetsov<sup>1</sup>, Anastasia Shirokolobova<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>T.F. Gorbachev Kuzbass State Technical University, 650000, Kemerovo, 28 Vesennya st., Russian Federation

**Abstract.** Every year worldwide coal mining companies seek to maintain the tendency of the mining machine fleet renewal. Various activities to maintain the service life of already operated mining equipment are implemented. In this regard, the urgent issue is the problem of efficient distribution of available machines in different geological conditions. The problem of "excavator-automobile" complex effective distribution occurs when heavy dump trucks are used in mining. For this reason, excavation and transportation of blasted rock mass are the most labor intensive and costly processes, considering the volume of transported overburden and coal, as well as diesel fuel, electricity, fuel and lubricants costs, consumables for repair works and downtime, etc. Currently, it is recommended to take the number of loading buckets in the range of 3 to 5, according to which the dump trucks are distributed to faces.

### 1 Introduction

The increasingly complex operating conditions require the development of new assessment factor, which can take into account the maximum possible number of machine operating parameters (bearing capacity, bucket capacity, etc.).

The value of specific energy cost (SEC) for the transportation of 1 ton of rock mass from the open pit was accepted as the measuring energy efficiency factor of the deep pit transport systems, which was determined by the formula [1]

$$P_{f}^{a} = \frac{g}{i} \times k_{nep} \times k_{uT} \times k_{d}, \qquad (1)$$

where  $P_f^a$  – the specific energy cost for transportation of 1 ton of rock mass to 1 m, g.s.f./t·m (grams of standard fuel/t·m); g – specific cost of diesel fuel by trucks, g/t·m; *i* – route inclination, ‰;  $k_{nep}$  – the processing coefficient, considering energy costs to get diesel from oil ( $k_{nep}$ =1,18÷1,20);  $k_d$  – the coefficient, considering energy costs to produce and to transport fuel ( $k_d$ =1,04÷1,10);  $k_{uT}$  – the coefficient, considering the difference of specific heat of diesel combustion and equivalent fuel ( $k_{um}$ =1,5).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>\*</sup> Corresponding author: <u>pia.sm@yandex.ru</u>

<sup>©</sup> The Authors, published by EDP Sciences. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License 4.0 (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/).

It was estimated that the specific energy cost is substantially affected by such factors as dump truck overloading, route inclination on the rise and others [2].

Transportation of blasted rock mass by heavy dump trucks can be divided into energyconsuming and energy-conservation modes according to energy indicators.

Such steps of transportation as loading and unloading, waiting for loading, shift change, lunch break are related to energy-consuming. At these stages dump trucks movement is not observed, an engine runs at idling speed, therefore, there is no significant energy consumption [5]. Only operable conditions of the engine fuel system have impact on energy consumption. If the dump truck parts are in good condition, energy cost is valid.

The main influence on energy consumption of the transportation process and metalwork operation time occurs during energy-consuming stages of operation. These stages include the machine straight technological roads traffic, upgrades and descents, turnings and traffic through the crossings. However, it should be noted that each of the given traffic parameters corresponds to its value of energy demands.

As a result of analysis of the influence of various operating parameters of the open pit automotive transport on energy consumption of transportation process, it was determined that the longitudinal inclination of open pit roads is the most informative parameter of specific energy consumption evaluation [3].

### 2 Results and Discussions

According to the results of investigations carried out at Kuzbass open pits, the diagram of route inclination was designed; if to reach this inclination it is possible to observe a significant change in the operating terms of dump trucks with various bearing capacities (Figure 1).

Figure 1 shows typical route inclinations for the following operating parameters:  $Q_{nom}$  – nominal value of diesel fuel consumption, at which the engine is operating at nominal power (engine life is not reduced, specified by the manufacturer);  $P_{fnom}$  – nominal value of specific energy cost, at which there is time to failure, stated by the manufacturer;  $\sigma_{nom}$  – nominal stresses in suspension mount of metalworking that are equal to endurance limit, at which cracks formation and growth are not yet observed;  $P_{fpre}$  – limit volume of unit costs, at which the time to failure is 20% from guaranteed by the manufacturer.



Fig. 1. The diagram of specific route inclinations

Figure 1 shows that the curves  $Q_{nom}$  and  $P_{fnom}$  are parallel in all the diagram area; and if to calculate the specific energy cost the consumption of diesel fuel is to be taken into account (see formula 1). For the dump trucks with bearing capacity from 250 to 350 t on

the route inclinations from 170 to 190 ‰ the identical operating conditions influence on the values of marginal energy costs and nominal voltages in the load-bearing steel structures are observed. Moreover, the extreme point (350 t; 190 ‰) of intervals is characterized by increased stress and, consequently, reduction of structural life of heavy trucks.

In this regard, when choosing motor transport to use in developed deposits to the value of the longitudinal inclination of 190 ‰, it is necessary to be based on the change of specific energy cost, and if the value of the longitudinal inclination is more than 190 ‰ it is necessary to be based on the change of nominal voltages.

The analysis of the results allowed to get the dependence of the specific energy cost on mined rock transportation from dump truck bearing capacity. Figure 2 shows the diagram of the established relationship for heavy trucks at longitudinal inclinations from 10 ‰ to 100 ‰.



Figure 2. The dependence of the specific energy cost for transportation on dump truck bearing capacity

Figure 2 shows that the most universal indicator of energy efficiency for usage in different mining geological and technical conditions are dump trucks with bearing capacity of 200-300 t. The value of SEC is taken for the energy efficiency estimation test of excavation process [4]:

$$P_{f}^{e} = w \times k_{e} \times k_{loss} \times k_{d}, \qquad (2)$$

where  $P_f^e$  – the specific energy cost for excavation of 1 m<sup>3</sup> of rock mass, g.s.f./t·m (grams of standard fuel/m<sup>3</sup>); w – specific energy consumption by an excavator, kW·h /m<sup>3</sup>;  $k_e$  – the coefficient considering energy costs to produce 1 kW·h of electricity (k<sub>3</sub> = 310÷330 g/kW·h);  $k_{loss}$  – the coefficient considering losses of electricity under transmission and distribution (k<sub>loss</sub> ≈ 1,09);  $k_{\partial}$  – the coefficient considering the cost of energy under fuel extraction and transportation ( $k_{\partial}$ =1,04÷1,10). Specific energy consumption by an excavator is the ratio of electricity cost (E) to the machine technical performance per hour (P<sub>tech</sub>):

$$w = E/P_{tech}$$
(3)

The technical performance per hour is calculated by the formula:

$$P_{tech} = \frac{3600E}{T_{w.c.}} \times k_{ex} \times k_f, \qquad (4)$$

where E – bucket capacity, m<sup>3</sup>;  $T_{w.c.}$  – the duration of excavation working cycle, s;  $k_e$  – the excavation coefficient;  $k_f$  – the face coefficient considering the effect of auxiliary operations.

JSC "Berezovskiy" (Prokopyevsk) was chosen as an experimental base, where a large number of excavators used are the excavators with a shovel capacity of 5 m<sup>3</sup> (ECG-5), 10 m<sup>3</sup> (ECG-10) and 12 m<sup>3</sup> (ECG-12), the dependences of the specific energy cost on excavation from the dump truck bearing capacity (respectively) were estimated (see Fig. 3):

$$P_{f}^{e} = 0.0024q^{2} - 0.2857q + 168.401,$$
<sup>(5)</sup>

$$P_{f}^{e} = 0.0015q^{2} - 0.1252q + 154.977, \qquad (6)$$



 $\boldsymbol{P}_{f}^{e} = 0.0015q^{2} - 0.1514q + 154.875.$ <sup>(7)</sup>

**Figure 3.** The dependence of specific energy cost of excavators with bucket capacity 5, 10 and 12  $\text{m}^3$  on excavator bearing capacity (1 – ECG-5, 2 – ECG-10, 3 – ECG-12)

Figure 3 shows that the areas of dependency in the range of 50 to 130 t are maximum close to a straight line; it indicates a slight increase in the share of energy cost due to the recommended amount of bucket loading. Further there is a substantial increase in energy consumption of the excavator with bucket capacity of 5 m<sup>3</sup>. Consequently, the greater the deviation from the recommended amount of bucket loading is, the higher the jump in specific energy cost is. For the energy assessment of dump trucks distribution with an excavator ECG-10, a joint diagram of dependences of specific energy cost by excavator-automobile complex on dump trucks bearing capacity in operation at the maximum permissible longitudinal inclination of pit roads in 80 ‰ was built (Fig. 4).



Figure 4. The dependences of specific energy cost of excavator-automobile complex on dump truck bearing capacity

Figure 4 shows that heavy dump trucks with carrying capacity of 160-200 t are the best and most effective in operation for the ECG-10 excavator according to energy parameters. In this case, the unit cost of the dump truck and the excavator are as close to their lowest values. Thus, the number of buckets loading varies from 6 to 9.

### **3 Conclusions**

When calculating the dump truck bearing capacity corresponding to the recommended number of loading buckets (3-5), it was estimated that dump trucks with bearing capacity up to 130 t are the most effective for ECG-10 excavators. However, specific energy cost for transportation in this case takes rather high value (1.2-1.5 times higher than in energy selection of excavator-automobile complex), which has a negative impact on all the parameters of motor transport operation. According to the research results, it was estimated that energy assessment of the operational efficiency of excavator-automobile complex, based on specific energy cost, is a multi-factor characterizing fundamental parameters of the excavators and dump trucks operation in the developed deposit conditions; and it is recommended to be used when excavator-automobile complex is being chosen.

### References

- 1. I.A. Panachev, G.V. Shirokolobov, I.V. Kuznetsov, A.G. Shirokolobova, 8th Russian-Chinese Symposium. Coal in the 21st Century: Mining, Processing and Safety, 144 (2016)
- 2. I.A. Panachev, I. V. Kuznetsov, Journal of Mining Science, 51, 267 (2015)
- 3. Baoying Fan, Yingju Yuan, Int. Journal of Mining Science and Tech., 26, 653 (2016)
- 4. A. Soofastaei, S.M. Aminossadati, Int. J. of Min. Sci. and Tech., 26, 745 (2016)
- 5. I. V. Sokolov, A. A. Smirnov, Yu. G. Antipin, J. of Mining Science, 52, 121 (2016)
- 6. V.A. Solomennikov, V.I. Cheskidov, Journal of Mining Science, 51, 1213 (2015)

- 7. S.V. Klishin, A.F. Revuzhenko, Journal of Mining Science, 51, 1070 (2015)
- 8. Chengguo Zhang, Ismet Canbulat, Faham Tahmasebinia, Bruce Hebblewhite, International Journal of Mining Science and Technology, **27**, 43 (2017)
- 9. Fukun Xiao, Gang Liu, Ze Zhang, Zhiliang Shen, Fengrui Zhang, Yifei Wang, International Journal of Mining Science and Technology, **26**, 981 (2016)
- 10. J. Jiang, Q. Liu, J. Xu, Int. Journal of Mining Science and Technology, 26, 1003 (2016)
- Jesse W. Puller, Ken W. Mills, Rob G. Jeffrey, Rick J. Walker, International Journal of Mining Science and Technology, 26, 103 (2016)
- 12. V.P. Efimov, Journal of Mining Science, 52, 274 (2016)
- 13. S. Bornyakov, D.V. Salko, Journal of Mining Science, 52, 338 (2016)
- 14. Yu. V. Lesin, S.Y. Luk'yanova, M.A. Tyulenev, J. Min. Sc., 46, 78 (2010)
- 15. E.N. Sher, V.P. Efimov, Journal of Mining Science, 51, 1108 (2015)

Environment, Energy & Earth Sciences

volume 15 - 2017

# E3S Web of Conferences

### Proceedings





## ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY & EARTH SCIENCES

E3S Web of Conferences

### The 1st International Innovative Mining Symposium (in memory of Prof. Vladimir Pronoza)

Kemerovo, Russian Federation, April 24-26, 2017

*Edited by:* M. Tyulenev, S. Zhironkin, A. Khoreshok, S. Voth, M. Cehlar and Y. Tan



#### **Organizing Committee**

Aksenov Vladimir V., DSc, Prof., Head of Laboratory of Mining Geotechnical Engineering of the Institute of Coal of SB RAS, Kemerovo, Russia

Asmelash Abay, PhD, Assoc. Prof., College of Natural and Computational Sciences, Mekelle University, Ethiopia

Barysheva Galina A., DSc, Head of Economics Department, National Research Tomsk Polytechnic University, Tomsk, Russia

Cehlar Michal, PhD, Prof. Ing., Dean of Mining Faculty, Technical University of Kosice, Kosice, Slovak Republic

Demirel Nuray, PhD, Middle East Technical University, Turkey

Gasanov Magerram A., DSc in Economics, Prof., National Research Tomsk Polytechnic University, Tomsk, Russia

Gvozdkova Tatyana N., PhD, Director of Mezhdurechensk Branch of T.F. Gorbachev Kuzbass State Technical University, Mezhdurechensk, Russia

Khoreshok Alexey A., DSc, Prof., Director of Mining Institute, T.F. Gorbachev Kuzbass State Technical University, Kemerovo, Russia

Kostyuk Svetlana G., Vice-Rector, T.F. Gorbachev Kuzbass State Technical University, Kemerovo, Russia

Krechetov Andrey A., PhD, Acting Rector, T.F. Gorbachev Kuzbass State Technical University, Kemerovo, Russia

Lesin Yury V., DSc, Prof., Kuzbass State Technical University, Kemerovo, Russia

Markov Sergey O., PhD, Assoc. Prof., Surveying and Geology Department, T.F. Gorbachev Kuzbass State Technical University, Kemerovo, Russia

Misnikov Oleg S., DSc, Dean, Tver State Technical University, Tver, Russia

Myaskov Alexandr V., DSc, Dean, National University of Science and Technology MISiS, Russia

Seroni Anyona, PhD, Assoc. Prof., Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology, Kenya

Tyulenev Maxim A., PhD, Prof., T.F. Gorbachev Kuzbass State Technical University, Kemerovo, Russia; Yurga Technological Institute of National Research Tomsk Polytechnic University, Russia

Vöth Stefan, Dr.-Ing., Prof., TFH Georg Agricola, Bochum, Germany

Janočko Juraj, PhD, Technical University of Kosice, Kosice, Slovak Republic

Zhironkin Sergey A., DSc, Prof., National Research Tomsk Polytechnic University, Tomsk, Russia

### Contents

00001 Preface: the role of T.F. Gorbachev State Technical University as the Flagship of Kemerovo Region Innovative Development *A. Krechetov* 

### **Perspective Mining Technologies**

- 01001 The Length Of Bearing Pressure Zone For The Flat Seams Extraction In A Linear Deformation Rock V. Gogolin, Y. Lesin and A. Djagileva
- 01002 The influence of advancing speed of powered mining stope with single face on earth's surface displacing in Kuzbass A. Renev, S. Svirko, A. Bykadorov and V. Fedorin
- 01003 Energy Consumption in the Process of Excavator-Automobile Complexes Distribution at Kuzbass Open Pit Mines I. Panachev, B. Gerike, I. Kuznetsov and A. Shirokolobova
- 01004 Slope Stability Assessment and Underground Mine Design Analysis of Achibo-Sombo Underground Conventional Coal Mine, Southwest Ethiopia *M. Haftu, B. Konka, K. Woldeargay and A. Abay*
- 01005 Geomechanics of rock array for chamber system of coal deposits development on the example of finalizing by KGRP complex
   A. Bykadorov, D. Degtyarev, S. Smirnov and O. Pechenegov
- 01006 Justification of the Optimal Granulometric Composition of Crushed Rocks for Open-Pit Mine Road Surfacing V. Shalamanov, V. Pershin, S. Shabaev and D. Boiko
- 01007 Optimization of transportless technological schemes for coal seams quarrying T. Gvozdkova, E. Plotnikov and E. Usova
- 01008 The features of three- and four-tier internal dumps capacity calculation with the additional capacity preparation in the dump tiers T. Gvozdkova, E. Kuznetsov, A. Rudakova and S. Markov
- 01009 The Relationship Between the Manifestations of Rock Pressure and the Relative Deformation of Surrounding Rocks
   S. Kostyuk, N. Bedarev, O. Lyubimov and A. Shaikhislamov
- 01010 Computer Simulation of Electroosmotic Soils Treatment M. Gucal and A. Pokatilov
- 01011 Innovative numerical modelling of technogenic rock arrays structure S. Markov, M. Tyulenev, O. Litvin and E. Tyuleneva
- 01012 Definition of the form of coal spontaneous combustion source as the inverse problem of geoelectrics

D. Sirota, V. Ivanov and V. Khyamyalyaynen

- 01013 Numerical Simulation of Primary Roof Collapse in Production Workings I. Ermakova and V. Klimov
- 01014 The Study of Processes of Electrochemical Treatment of Soils at the Pilot Test Site S. Prostov, E. Shabanov and A. Shadrin
- 01015 The study of stress-strain state of stabilized layered soil foundations M. Sokolov, S. Prostov and V. Zykov
- 01016 Justification of parameters and technology of retaining prism filling to eliminate landslide
   V. Balakhnin, O. Veretennikova, R. Pobegaylo and E. Mezina
- 01017 Use of Deep Peat-Processing Products for Hydrophobic Modification of Gypsum Binder
  - O. Misnikov and V. Ivanov
- 01018 Software for Automated Production Line of Peat Briquettes V. Lebedev and O. Puhova
- 01019 Assessment process of concept for mining and its impact on the region M. Cehlår, J. Janočko, Z. Šimková and T. Pavlik
- 01020 Experimental Study of Methane Hydrates in Coal V. Smirnov, V. Dyrdin, T. Kim, A. Manakov and A. Khoreshok
- 01021 Expert evaluation of innovation projects of mining enterprises on the basis of methods of system analysis and fuzzy logics
   A. Pimonov, E. Raevskaya and T. Sarapulova
- 01022 Gas hydrates in coal seams and their impact on gas-dynamic processes in underground mining *T. Kim, V. Dyrdin, V. Smirnov and V. Nesterov*

#### **Environment Saving Development of Mining**

- 02001 Environmental and Economic Efficiency of Comprehensive Technology of Sulfur Oxides, Nitrogen Oxides and Mercury Removal from Flue Gases S. Grigashkina, T. Galanina, V. Mikhailov, T. Koroleva and E. Trush
- 02002 Utilization prospects for coal mine methane (CMM) in Kuzbass O. Tailakov, D. Zastrelov, V. Tailakov, M. Makeev and P. Soot
- 02003 The Experience of Using Innovative Artificial Filter Arrays on South Kuzbass Open Pit: Case Study M. Tuulanay, Y. Lacin, F. Tuulanaya and F. Murko
  - M. Tyulenev, Y. Lesin, E. Tyuleneva and E. Murko
- 02004 The results of air treatment process modeling at the location of the air curtain in the air suppliers and ventilation shafts

A. Nikolaev, N. Alymenko, A. Kamenskih and V. Nikolaev

02005 Mitigating Against Conflicts in the Kenyan Mining Cycle: Identification of Gaps in the Participation and Recourse for Rights Holders (Civil Society & Community) S. Anyona and B. Rop

### **Innovative Mining Equipment**

- 03001 Modeling of Power Consumption of the Mining Equipment Using "The Probabilistic Automata Method"
  - A. Zakharova, V. Kashirskikh, I. Lobur, N. Shauleva and V. Borovtsov
- 03002 Application of Machine Learning for Dragline Failure Prediction A. Taghizadeh and N. Demirel
- 03003 Kinematic Parameters Of Rotary Transmission With Hydraulic Cylinders M. Blaschuk, A. Dronov, A. Koperchuk, R. Chernukhin and V. Litvinenko
- 03004 The results of cutting disks testing for rock destruction A. Khoreshok, L. Kantovich, V. Kuznetsov, E. Preis and D. Kuziev
- 03005 Grinding efficiency improvement of hydraulic cylinders parts for mining equipment A. Korotkov, V. Korotkov, L. Mametyev, L. Korotkova and T. Terjaeva
- 03006 The Smart Grid using in the Kuzbass open-pit coalmine I. Semykina, A. Evstratov and G. Lebedev
- 03007 Multifunctional Testing Rig for Machinery Safety Equipment S. Vöth, J. Tschersich and Tim Schwartz
- 03008 Development of the preventive maintenance system for belt conveyors reducers B. Gerike, I. Panachev and E. Kuzin
- **03009** Determination of Load Performance of Two-Bar Girder Lining Y. Glazkov, A. Kazantsev, D. Nesteruk, V. Aksenov and A. Efremenkov
- **03010** Ways of increasing excavator fleet productivity in Russian coal open pits (Kuzbass case study)

M. Drygin, N. Kurychkin and A. Bakanov

03011 Strategy of Russian Coal Mining Enterprises' Excavator Park Technical State Correction

M. Drygin, N. Kurychkin and A. Bakanov

- 03012 The innovative development of machine building as a driver of import substitution S. Zhironkin, M. Gasanov, G. Barysheva, K. Kolotov and O. Zhironkina
- 03013 "Smart Service" as an innovative system of service for mining companies in Kuzbass
  - L. Samorodova, L. Shut'ko, Y. Yakunina and O. Lyubimov
- 03014 Special Modes of AC Drives Operation in the Mining Industry

L. Payuk, N. Voronina, O. Galtseva, D. Zhang and A. Rogachev

- 03015 Impact of the number of blades of the geokhod cutting body on cutting forces V. Aksenov, V. Sadovets, E. Rezanova and D. Pashkov
- 03016 Comparison of technological efficiency of gravitational devices for preparation of large diluted coal

V. Udovitsky, V. Kandinsky and A. Begunov

03017 The intelligent mechatronic system for open pit mining to increase the operation life of equipment

I. Semykina, V. Zavyalov and V. Kashirskikh

### **Economic and Social Development of Mining Regions**

- 04001 The principles of municipal industrial clusters' establishment on the territory of advancing social-and-economic development of mono-town
  - O. Ivanova, G. Antonov and S. Bereznev
- 04002 The innovative strategy of social and economic development of mining region S. Bereznev, O. Zonova and E. Lubkova
- 04003 The analysis of strategies for the mining regions' development in Russia as a condition of effective management of economy N. Zaruba, N. Egorova and P. Kosinskij
- 04004 Increasing the efficiency of coal mining based on the concept of Shewhart-Deming variability management

V. Mikhalchenko and Y. Rubanik

- 04005 Evaluation of consumer satisfaction with the quality of training of young professionals by the universities for enterprises of coal-mining complex *V. Mikhalchenko and I. Seredkina*
- 04006 Innovative development of the economy as the most important factor in ensuring the financial security of the mining region
  - N. Kudrevatykh, T. Snegireva and A. Tselischeva
- 04007 Theoretical Foundations of the New Industrialization of the Mining Region under Globalization
  - L. Kusurgasheva, O. Nedospasova and E. Zhernov
- 04008 Problems and Prospects of Sustainable Development of Mining Regions I. Levitskaya, N. Pastukhova and O. Dubrovskaya
- 04009 Innovations as borders of stages of coal industry historical development E. Sigareva, S. Popov, S. Baturin, N. Sidorova and M. Borisova
- 04010 Using innovative interactive technologies for forming linguistic competence in global mining education
  - G. Chistyakova, E. Bondareva, K. Demidenko, E. Podgornaya and O. Kadnikova

04011 Technological convergence and innovative development of natural resource economy

F. Agafonov, A. Genin, O. Kalinina, O. Brel and O. Zhironkina

04012 Structural problems of mining region innovative development (Kuzbass, Western Siberia)

E. Dotsenko and N. Ezdina

04013 Neo-industrialization of Kuzbass economy in innovative development of coal industry and machinery

A. Balabanova, V. Balabanov, E. Dotsenko and N. Ezdina

04014 The problems of correlation the life quality and interpersonal dialogue in legal practice of mining regions

V. Zolotukhin, E. Stepantsova, M. Kozyreva, A. Tarasenko and A. Stepantsov

04015 Demographic and migration policy in the mining region and its impact on the ecological consciousness of the population

V. Zolotukhin, A. Bel'kov, E. Stepantsova, M. Kozyreva and A. Tarasenko

04016 Cross-cultural analysis of the verbal conflict behavior of the graduate mining engineers

I. Pevneva, O. Gavrishina, A. Rolgayzer, M. Agienko and A. Myaskov

- 04017 The impact of human factor on labor productivity at the mining enterprises G. Pinigina, I. Kondrina, S. Smagina, V. Tatsienko and A. Meshkov
- 04018 Enhancing the Role of Educational Services of Higher Education System in the Competitive Specialists Training for Industry O. Kuznetsova, S. Kuznetsova, E. Yumaev, V. Kuznetsov and I. Plotnikova
- 04019 Formation and Development of the Training System for Innovative Development of Regional Industry

O. Kuznetsova, S. Kuznetsova, E. Yumaev, V. Kuznetsov and O. Galtseva

04020 Evaluating the Effectiveness of Internal Corporate Controls in Coal Mines Illustrated By the Example of JSC "SUEK-Kuzbass"

E. Kucherova, T. Ponkratova, T. Tyuleneva and N. Cherepanova

04021 The communication aspect of specialists' professional competence L. Znikina, N. Mamontova and P. Strelnikov

### volume 15 - 2017

The development of mining technologies is impossible without innovations in the entire complicated process of extraction of mineral resources, investment in the modernization of mining equipment and the development of human capital. The aim of The Ist Scientific Practical Conference "International Innovative Mining Symposium (in memory of Prof. Vladimir Pronoza)" is to create a platform for international discussion of mining problems by specialists, experts and researchers. Today, the innovative development of mineral resource sector in industrial regions challenges the system of higher mining education. The role of engineering pedagogy is increasing in globalization of mining and engineering humanization.

ISBN: 978-2-7598-9016-3





www.e3s-conferences.org